Creating a National Park Tour

Read Sections 2 to 4. After reading each section, you will create an adventure tour for that park. A tour plan for the Grand Canyon is shown here as an example. It includes a map showing the route the tour will take. Follow these steps to create an adventure tour for each park you read about:

1. Turn to corresponding page in the notebook.

2. On the topographic map of that park, draw the route your tour will take. Your tour must:
   - connect all four major stops. Stops are shown with stars.
   - be exciting for tourists.
   - use transportation in an adventurous but realistic way.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stop 1: Hopi Point</th>
<th>Stop 2: El Tovar Hotel</th>
<th>Stop 3: Granite Gorge</th>
<th>Stop 4: Yavapai Point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elevation: 6,500 feet</td>
<td>Elevation: 6,900 feet</td>
<td>Elevation: 2,000 feet</td>
<td>Elevation: 6,520 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What you’ll do:</td>
<td>What you’ll do:</td>
<td>What you’ll do:</td>
<td>What you’ll do:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Rappel down Hopi Wall using rock-climbing equipment</td>
<td>• Drive along the South Rim in a four-wheel-drive vehicle</td>
<td>• White-water rafting on the Colorado River through Granite Gorge</td>
<td>• Raft through the rapids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Visit Lookout Tower</td>
<td>• • suspension bridges spanning the river</td>
<td>• Take a helicopter tour over the Colorado River, the Natural Arch, O’Neill Butte, Yaki Point, and Mather Point</td>
<td>• • stunning aerial views of the canyon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Drive along the South Rim in a four-wheel-drive vehicle</td>
<td>• the dramatic cliffs of the Inferno</td>
<td>• Land at Yavapai Point and visit the museum there</td>
<td>• exhibitions on geology and theories on how the Grand Canyon was formed at the Yavapai Point Museum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What you’ll see:</td>
<td>What you’ll see:</td>
<td>What you’ll see:</td>
<td>What you’ll see:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• spectacular views of the canyon walls</td>
<td>• Hopi Wall and Salt Creek</td>
<td>• suspension bridges spanning the river</td>
<td>• • buildings and shops surrounding the South Rim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• the dramatic cliffs of the Inferno</td>
<td>• • Garden Creek at the bottom of the canyon</td>
<td>• • rapids along the River Trail and through Granite Gorge</td>
<td>• • exhibits on geology and theories on how the Grand Canyon was formed at the Yavapai Point Museum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How you’ll get to Stop 2: four-wheel-drive vehicle</td>
<td>How you’ll get to Stop 3: horseback</td>
<td>How you’ll get to Stop 4: raft</td>
<td>How you’ll get to Stop 4: raft</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. In the tour plan for that park, use the map and your book to describe
   • how many days you will stay at each location. The total trip can’t be more than 10 days.
   • the elevation at each stop (where the red star is).
   • what tourists will do at each stop (any activities your company has planned for them).
   • what tourists will see at each stop (flora, fauna, human features, physical features).
   • how tourists will get to the next stop (mode of transportation). See Step 4.

4. Decide what kind of transportation tourists will use to get from place to place and for the activities
   at each stop. Choose from the list below. For each adventure tour, you cannot use any mode of transpor-
   tation more than once.

   **Grand Canyon National Park (detail)**

   - helicopter
   - hang-gliding equipment
   - rock-climbing equipment
   - four-wheel-drive vehicles
   - rafting gear
   - jet skis
   - horses
   - snowshoes
   - hiking gear
   - bicycles
   - kayaks
   - cross-country skis

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